

Intruding the inline element into the punctuation

By specifying '[axf:intrude-into-punctuation](#)', the inline element is intruded into the punctuation mark. The setting works when it is Japanese and '[-ah-punctuation-trim: adjacent;](#)' is specified and the available values are 'none' (default value), 'start' and 'end'. 'none' does nothing. 'start' intrudes the inline element into the punctuation mark when the character immediately before the start side is a full-width close parenthesis or a full-width punctuation mark, and 'end' does so when the character immediately after the end side is a full-width open parenthesis by handling each character as half-width. See '[-ah-punctuation-trim](#)' for punctuation marks that you want to specify. This feature is available from AH Formatter V7.

-ah-intrude-into-punctuation: none;

(インライン要素) span (を句読点に) 食い込ませます。span

-ah-intrude-into-punctuation: start;

(インライン要素) span (を句読点に) 食い込ませます。span

-ah-intrude-into-punctuation: end;

(インライン要素) span (を句読点に) 食い込ませます。span

-ah-intrude-into-punctuation: start end;

(インライン要素) span (を句読点に) 食い込ませます。span

This feature can be used when you want to place a footnote reference mark after the punctuation mark and treat the punctuation mark as half-width character.

-ah-intrude-into-punctuation: none;

インライン要素を句読点に食い込ませます¹

-ah-intrude-into-punctuation: start;

インライン要素を句読点に食い込ませます。²

¹ -ah-intrude-into-punctuation: none

² -ah-intrude-into-punctuation: start